

Dangerous goods & prohibited items in baggage				
Item	Checked Baggage	Cabin Baggage	Approval Required	See Note
Alcoholic beverages , containing more than 24% but not more than 70% alcohol by volume, must be in its retail packaging. No more than 5 L per individual receptacle; and No more than a total net quantity of 5 L per person. Note: Alcoholic beverages containing less than 24% alcohol by volume are not restricted.	✓	✓	✗	
Ammunition (cartridges for weapons), securely packaged , (in Div. 1.4S, UN 0012 or UN 0014 only), in quantities not exceeding 5 kg gross weight per person for that person's own use. Allowances for more than one person must not be combined into one or more packages	✗	✗	✗	
Artist Paints. Artists watercolours and tubes of oil paints may be carried. NOTE: Thinners or turpentine substitute MUST NOT be carried.	✓	✓	✗	
Avalanche rescue backpack containing a cylinder of compressed non-flammable non-toxic gas. No more than one per person and may contain a pyrotechnic trigger mechanism containing not more than 200 mg net of Division 1.4S The backpack must be packed in such a manner that it cannot be accidentally activated and the airbags within the backpack must be fitted with pressure relief valves.	✓	✓	✓	
Batteries, spare/loose for portable electronic devices including lithium metal or lithium ion cells or batteries & Power Banks. Must be carried in carry-on baggage only. For lithium metal batteries the lithium metal content must not exceed 2g or For lithium ion batteries the Watt-hour rating must not exceed 100 Wh. Articles which have the primary purpose as a power source, e.g. power banks are considered as spare batteries. These batteries must be individually protected to prevent short circuits. Each person is limited to a maximum of 20 spare batteries.	✗	✓	✗	A
Batteries spare/loose - for portable electronic devices containing lithium ion batteries or cells & Power Banks Must be carried in carry-on baggage only Lithium ion batteries with a Watt-hour rating exceeding 100 Wh but not exceeding 160 Wh. These batteries must be individually protected to prevent short circuits. NOTE: Maximum of two spare batteries per person.	✗	✓	✓	A
Batteries Spare/ loose lithium batteries for medical electronic devices containing: lithium metal batteries exceeding 2 grams but not exceeding 8 grams, or lithium ion batteries exceeding 100 Wh but not exceeding 160 W NOTE : Maximum of two spare per person	✗	✓	✓	A
Camping stoves - gas or flammable liquid fuelled, that have been used or are new and have their fuel attached, are normally not permitted; however, there are some circumstances when stoves that have been completely purged fully clean of fuel can be carried. Contact Jet2.com Pre-Travel Services for more details prior to travel.	✓	✗	✓	
Chemical Agent Monitoring Equipment, when carried by staff members of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons on official travel	✓	✓	✓	B
Christmas Crackers. 12 small or 6 large crackers in their original retail packaging	✓	✗	✗	
Disabling devices such as mace, pepper spray, etc. containing an irritant or incapacitating substance are forbidden on the person, in checked and carry-on baggage.	FORBIDDEN			
Dry ice (carbon dioxide, solid) , in quantities not exceeding 2.5 kg per person when used to pack perishables not subject to these Regulations in checked or carry-on baggage, provided the baggage (package) permits the release of carbon dioxide gas. Checked baggage must be marked "dry ice" or "carbon dioxide, solid" and with the net weight of dry ice or an indication that there is 2.5KG or less of dry ice.	✓	✓	✓	C
e-cigarettes (including e-cigs, e-pipes, other personal vaporizers) containing batteries must be individually protected to prevent accidental activation. Content of Lithium metal batteries must not exceed 2g or Lithium ion batteries must not exceed 100Wh. Recharging of the devices and / or batteries on board the aircraft is forbidden. NOTE: limited to two devices per passenger.	✗	✓	✗	
Electric Mobility Aids - battery powered	SEE SEPARATE SECTION FOR MEDICAL & SPECIAL ASSISTANCE		✓	
Electro shock weapons (e.g. Tasers) containing dangerous goods such as explosives, compressed gases, lithium batteries, etc. are forbidden in carry-on baggage or checked baggage or on the person.	FORBIDDEN			
Fuel cells containing fuel, powering portable electronic devices (e.g. cameras, cellular phones, laptop computers and camcorders)	✗	✓	✗	D
Fuel cell cartridges, spare for portable electronic devices	✓	✓	✗	D
Gas cartridges, small, non-flammable containing carbon dioxide or other suitable gas in Division 2.2. Up to two (2) small cartridges fitted into a self-inflating safety device such as a life jacket or vest. Not more than one (1) device per passenger and up to two (2) spare small cartridges per person. For other devices, not more than four (4) cartridges up to 50 mL water capacity.	✓	✓	✓	E
Gas cylinders, non-flammable, non-toxic worn for the operation of mechanical limbs. Also, spare cylinders of a similar size if required to ensure an adequate supply for the duration of the journey.	✓	✓	✗	
Hair curlers containing a hydrocarbon gas, such as Propane or Butane gas No more than one per person. The safety cover must be securely fitted over the heating element. NOTE: Gas refills for such curlers must not be carried.	✓	✓	✗	
Heat producing articles , such as underwater torches (diving lamps) and soldering irons	✓	✓	✓	F
Insulated packagings containing refrigerated liquid nitrogen (dry shipper), fully absorbed in a porous material containing only non-dangerous goods.	✓	✓	✗	
Internal combustion or fuel cell engines , must meet IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Special provision A70.	✓	✗	✗	G
Energy efficient light bulbs when in retail packaging intended for personal or home use.	✓	✓	✗	
Matches & Lighter Safety matches (one small packet) or a small cigarette lighter that does not contain unabsorbed liquid fuel, other than liquefied gas. NOTE: A 'Zippo' lighter that is fully absorbed in wadding i.e. an absorbed liquid lighter can be carried by passengers. NOTE: Lighter fuel and lighter refills are forbidden. NOTE: "Strike anywhere" matches, "Blue flame" or "Cigar" lighters are forbidden.	ON ONE'S PERSON ONLY		✗	
Oxygen or air, gaseous, cylinders required for medical use. The cylinder must not exceed 5kg gross weight. Note: Liquid oxygen systems are forbidden for transport. NOTE: Air cylinders for other purposes such as scuba diving, can only be carried if completely empty & valves opened.	✓	✓	✓	
Party Poppers. Note: party poppers are FORBIDDEN items.	FORBIDDEN			
Permeation devices for calibrating air quality , must meet IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Special Provision A41. Contact Jet2.com Pre-Travel Services for more details prior to travel.	✓	✗	✓	
Portable electronic devices (including medical) containing lithium metal or lithium ion cells or batteries , including medical devices such as portable oxygen concentrators (POC) and consumer electronics such as cameras, mobile phones, laptops and tablets, when carried by passengers or crew for personal use. For lithium metal batteries the lithium metal content must not exceed 2 g For lithium ion batteries the Watt-hour rating must not exceed 100 Wh. Devices in checked baggage must be completely switched off, must be protected from damage and must NOT be packed with anything flammable.	✓	✓	✗	H
Portable electronic devices, (not including medical devices) containing lithium ion cells or batteries with a Watt hour rating exceeding 100Wh but not exceeding 160Wh Devices in checked baggage must be completely switched off, must be protected from damage and must NOT be packed with anything flammable.	✓	✓	✓	H
Portable Medical Electronic Devices Containing Lithium metal cells: For lithium metal batteries exceeding 2 grams but not exceeding 8 grams, or lithium ion batteries exceeding 100 Wh but not exceeding 160 Wh. Devices in checked baggage must be completely switched off, must be protected from damage and must NOT be packed with anything flammable.	✓	✓	✓	H
Portable electronic devices containing non-spillable batteries , batteries must meet IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Special Provision A67 and must be 12 V or less and 100 Wh or less. A maximum of 2 spare batteries may be carried	✓	✓	✗	I
Radioisotope cardiac pacemakers or other medical devices, including those powered by lithium batteries. Must be implanted into a person or fitted externally as the result of medical treatment. Radio-pharmaceuticals contained within the body of a person must be as the result of medical treatment	ON ONE'S PERSON ONLY		✗	
Security-type attaché cases, cash boxes, cash bags, etc. incorporating dangerous goods, such as lithium batteries and/or pyrotechnic material, except as provided in NOTE H are totally forbidden.	FORBIDDEN			
Specimens, non-infectious packed with small quantities of flammable liquid, must meet IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Special Provision A180	✓	✓	✗	J
Thermometer, medical or clinical , which contains mercury, one (1) per person for personal use, when in its protective case.	✓	✗	✗	
Thermometer or barometer, mercury filled carried by a representative of a government weather bureau or similar official agency. It must be packed in a strong outer packaging, having a sealed inner liner or a bag of strong leak-proof and puncture-resistant material impervious to mercury, which will prevent the escape of mercury from the package irrespective of its position.	✗	✓	✓	
Toiletry articles (including aerosols) such as hair sprays, perfumes and colognes Each single article must not exceed a total net quantity of 0.5 kg or 0.5 L. Each person must not carry more than 2 kg or 2 L (e.g. four aerosol cans of 500 mL each). Release valves on aerosols must be protected by a cap or other suitable means to prevent inadvertent release of the contents.	✓	✓	✗	

Notes	
A	Spare lithium batteries including articles containing lithium metal or lithium ion cells or batteries, the primary purpose of which is to provide power to another device, e.g. power banks, are permitted in carry-on baggage as follows: (a) for portable medical electronic devices (PMED), such as automated external defibrillators (AED), portable oxygen concentrators (POC) and continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP): 1. no more than 2 lithium ion batteries with a watt-hour rating exceeding 100Wh but not exceeding 160Wh or lithium metal batteries, with a lithium content exceeding 2 g but not exceeding 8 g may be carried. 2. spare batteries must be individually protected so as to prevent short circuits (by placement in original retail packaging or by otherwise insulating terminals, e.g. by taping over exposed terminals or placing each battery in a separate plastic bag or protective pouch); 3. batteries must be of a type that meet the requirements of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3. No more than two individually protected spare batteries per person may be carried. (b) for portable electronic devices, such as power tools, video cameras and laptops: 1. no more than 2 lithium ion batteries exceeding a watt-hour rating of 100Wh but not exceeding 160Wh may be carried; 2. spare batteries must be individually protected so as to prevent short circuits (by placement in original retail packaging or by otherwise insulating terminals, e.g. by taping over exposed terminals or placing each battery in a separate plastic bag or protective pouch) 3. batteries must be of a type that meet the requirements of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3. No more than two individually protected spare batteries per person may be carried.
B	Chemical Agent Monitoring Equipment - Instruments containing radioactive material not exceeding the activity limits specified in Table 10.3.C, i.e. chemical agent monitor (CAM) and/or rapid alarm and identification device monitor (RAID-M), securely packed and without lithium batteries, when carried by staff members of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) on official travel.
C	Dry ICE - For medical supplies only.
D	Fuel Cells Contained in Portable Electronic Devices - Fuel cells used to power portable electronic devices (for example cameras, cellular phones, laptop computers and camcorders) (a) fuel cells and fuel cell cartridges may only contain flammable liquids, corrosive substances, liquefied flammable gas, water-reactive substances or hydrogen in metal hydride; (b) refuelling of fuel cells on board an aircraft is not permitted except that the installation of a spare cartridge is allowed; (c) the maximum quantity of fuel in any fuel cell or fuel cell cartridge must not exceed: 1. for liquids, 200 mL; 2. for liquids 200 g; 3. for liquefied gases, 120 mL for non metallic fuel cells or fuel cell cartridges or 200 mL for metal fuel cells or fuel cell cartridges; 4. for hydrogen in metal hydride the fuel cell cartridges must have a water capacity of 120 mL or less. (d) each fuel cell and each fuel cell cartridge must conform to IEC 62282-6-100 Ed. 1, including Amendment 1 and must be marked with a manufacturer's certification that it conforms to the specification. In addition, each fuel cell cartridge must be marked with the maximum quantity and type of fuel in the cartridge; (e) no more than two spare fuel cell cartridges may be carried in checked baggage, carry-on baggage, or on the person; (f) fuel cells containing fuel are permitted in carry-on baggage only; (g) interaction between fuel cells and integrated batteries in a device must conform to IEC 62282-6-100 Ed. 1, including Amendment 1. Fuel cells whose sole function is to charge a battery in the device are not permitted; (h) fuel cells must be of a type that will not charge batteries when the portable electronic device is not in use and must be durably marked by the manufacturer: "APPROVED FOR CARRIAGE IN AIRCRAFT CABIN ONLY" so to indicate; and (i) in addition to the languages which may be required by the State of Origin for the marks specified above, English should be used.
E	Small Non-flammable Gas Cartridges Fitted into Devices such as a life-jacket or vest: (a) no more than one personal safety device per person; (b) the personal safety device must be packed in such a manner that it cannot be accidentally activated; (c) limited to carbon dioxide or other suitable gas in Division 2.2 without a subsidiary risk; (d) cartridge(s) must be for inflation purposes; (e) the device must be fitted with no more than two small cartridges; and (f) not more than two spare cartridges. Other devices: (a) no more than four small cartridges of carbon dioxide or other suitable gas in Division 2.2 without a subsidiary risk, per person; (b) the water capacity of each cartridge must not exceed 50 mL. Note: For carbon dioxide a gas cartridge with a water capacity of 50 mL is equivalent to a 28 g cartridge.
F	Heat Producing Articles - Battery-powered equipment capable of generating extreme heat, which would cause a fire if activated, e.g. underwater high-intensity lamps. The heat producing component and the battery are isolated from each other by the removal of the heat producing component, the battery or another component, e.g. fuse. Any battery that has been removed must be protected against short circuit (by placement in the original retail packaging or by otherwise insulating terminals, e.g. by taping over exposed terminals or placing each battery in a separate plastic bag or protective pouch).
G	Internal Combustion or Fuel Cell Engines - In checked baggage only, internal combustion or fuel cell engines being carried separately or incorporated into a machine or other apparatus. The engine must comply with the requirements of IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Special Provision A70. Contact Jet2.com Pre-travel Services for more information.
H	Portable Electronic Devices containing lithium batteries - SHOULD be carried in cabin baggage only - if this is not possible then please contact Jet2.com prior to travelling. NOTE: Any lithium battery powered device that contains a battery with a Watt-hour rating of over 160WH or a gram content of over 8g is FORBIDDEN for carriage by air.
I	Portable Electronic Devices Containing Non-Spillable Batteries - In checked or carry-on baggage, portable electronic devices containing a non-spillable battery meeting the requirements of Special Provision A67. A maximum of two spare non-spillable batteries meeting Special Provision A67 may also be carried. The following requirements apply: (a) the voltage of each battery must not exceed 12 V and the watt-hour rating must not exceed 100 Wh; (b) the device must either be protected from inadvertent activation, or the battery must be disconnected and the battery terminals insulated; (c) each spare battery must be protected from short circuit by insulation of the battery terminals.
J	Non-Infectious Specimens Packed with Small Quantities of Flammable Liquids - In checked or carry-on baggage non-infectious specimens, such as specimens of mammals, birds, amphibians, reptiles, fish, insects and other invertebrates containing small quantities of flammable liquids provided that the requirements of Special Provision A180 are complied with.